BRINSLEY HEADSTOCKS

Heritage & Nature Reserve

BIRDS

2024

We accept that the Headstocks Nature Reserve is never going to challenge the flagship nature reserves in the county (such as Attenborough), where a comprehensive mix of habitats can result in as many as 250 species of birds being recorded. An absence of a large body of standing water with shallow muddy edges means that wildfowl and waders will be in very short supply.

The site list now stands at 86 species. A total of 37 species were recorded in 2024, a very modest total, but currently there is only a single observer involved in recording and his visits to the site were curtailed in 2024 due to mobility problems. The list of species recorded is as follows:-

CORMORANT Phalacrocorax carbo

Not recorded in 2019. The last record was a single which flew over the site on 17th September 2017.

GREY HERON Ardea cinerea

One flew fairly low over the Long meadow on 26th November 2024. There were also single records in 2017, 2018 and 2019.

MUTE SWAN Cygnus olor

Not recorded in 2024. The only record to date is of a pair flying east over the site on 02/03/2010.

PINK-FOOTED GOOSE Anser brachyrhynchus

A skein of 800 plus were seen flying over the Headstocks Meadow on 2^{nd} February – a magnificent sight (and sound). This was the third site record, the previous records were of much smaller flocks in 2011 and 2014.

GREYLAG GOOSE Anser anser

Not recorded in 2024. The most recent site record were in 2017, when a flock of 30 was seen flying over the site on September 30th and a flock of 40 was seen on November 19th.

CANADA GOOSE Branta canadensis

A surprisingly rarity on the site! It was a surprise, therefore to record four birds of this species flying low over the Dell and calling loudly on February 28th 2024. The previous record was a single bird observed flying over the top portion of the Long Meadow towards Moorgreen Reservoir on April 19th 2015.

MANDARIN Aix galericulata

Not recorded in 2024. A female of this species was flushed from the middle pond in Willow Holt on March 10^{th} 2015. It was seen again on the brook close to point where it passes under the railway line on March 12^{th} .

MALLARD Anas platyrhycrosi

There are usually a few records every year, but 2024 proved to be a blank year. In 2016, a female and 8 newly-hatched ducklings were on Brinsley Brook Pond. This was the first breeding record for this species on the site.

SPARROWHAWK Accipiter nisus

There was a single sighting of this species in 2024, when a female was soaring over the car park on February 24th, causing havoc in the rookery.

COMMON BUZZARD Buteo buteo

Seen regularly throughout 2024, all records relate to single birds.

KESTREL Falco tinnunculus

There were several records of this species in 2019, the birds favouring the Long Meadow for their vole-hunting.

HOBBY Falco subbuteo

There were no records in 2024. The only site record to date is of one flying past the car park and over Brinsley Lodge on September 5^{th} 2018.

GREY PARTRIDGE *Perdix perdix*

Not recorded in 2024. There were three records in 2011, two records of a pair actually on site in May and a flock of five adjacent to the site, in pasture by the old railway line, on 04/01/2011

COMMON PHEASANT Phasianus colchicus

Usually seen regularly in the fields surrounding the site, but a change in land use means that they are now rarely seen, with no sightings in 2024.

MOORHEN Gallinula chloropus

Not recorded in 2024. Last record was of 2 birds by the stream in the long meadow on 02/07/1999.

LAPWING Vanellus vanellus

Disappointingly, this species has not seen since 2013, despite breeding in good numbers in the Erewash Valley.

WOODCOCK Scolopax rusticola

Not recorded in 2024. The first and only record so far for this species on the site is of one bird flushed from the wood behind the headstocks on 14/03/2009.

COMMON TERN Sterna hirundo

Not recorded in 2024. The only site record for this species was on May 20th 2017, when one flew over the Headstocks meadow en route from Moorgreen Reservoir to Aldercar Flash.

BLACK-HEADED GULL *Chroicocephalus ridibundus*

Regularly recorded flying over the site in small numbers, usually in winter. In 2019, a flock of 28 was feeding alongside cows in the pasture adjoining the old railway line.

COMMON GULL Larus canus

Not recorded in 2019. Surprisingly, the only record is of one bird over the site on 03/02/2009.

LESSER BLACK-BACKED GULL Larus fuscus

Not recorded in 2024. The last record was in 2017, which involved a single bird flying over the Long Meadow on June 22nd.

HERRING GULL *Larus argentatus*

Not recorded in 2024. The last record was in 2017, when three birds flew over the Long Meadow on March 28th.

GREATER BLACK-BACKED GULL Larus marinus

Not recorded in 2024. The last record was of two birds were seen soaring high over the Headstocks on March 16^{th} 2014.

ROCK DOVE Columba livia

Occasional records of this species flying over the site, which all relate to Feral Pigeon.

STOCK DOVE Columba oenas

This species is regularly recorded and probably breeds on, or just off, site. Song was first heard on February 24th and regularly for the next few weeks, although there were very few sight records.

WOOD PIGEON Columba palumbus

A common resident, whose numbers appear to be increasing significantly.

COLLARED DOVE Streptopelia decaocto

A common resident in the village, but not recorded regularly on site. Most records come from the area around the car park.

CUCKOO *Cuculus canorus*

Not recorded in 2024. The only site record for this species was of a bird calling at 7.00 a.m. on 6th June 2011 from the adjacent playing field boundary.

LITTLE OWL Athene noctua

Disappointingly, this species was not recorded in 2024. There are normally a few sightings every year, with three seen in 2017. They seem to have been displaced by the new housing development.

TAWNY OWL Strix aluco

Probably a resident pair, breeding close to the site. There were no records for 2024.

COMMON SWIFT *Apus apus*

Regularly (but not frequently) recorded over the site in summer, probably relating to birds from the breeding colony in Eastwood. Singles were recorded on only a few dates in 2024.

KINGFISHER Alcedo atthis

An irregular visitor, probably more frequent than records suggest. There was s single record in 2024, when one flew past an environmental contractor working in Willow Holt, by the brook.

GREEN WOODPECKER Picus viridis

Formerly a resident pair on and around the site, but rarely recorded in the last couple of years. There was a single record in 2024, where one was heard "yaffling" from Saints Coppice.

GREAT SPOTTED WOODPECKER Dendrocopus major

There were normally a number of sightings every year, but rarely encountered lately. There were no records in 2024, the last record was in 2018, of a male drumming on February 8th.

LESSER SPOTTED WOODPECKER Dendrocopus minor

Not recorded on 2024. The only record of this declining "Red List" species was just offsite (in Saints Coppice) on 24/04/2000.

SKYLARK Alauda arvensis

Another "Red List" species in severe decline nationally and locally. There were no records in 2024. The last site record was of a single bird in 2012.

SAND MARTIN Riparia riparia

Not recorded in 2024. The only site record for this species was on 14/05/2013, when a flock of five birds were feeding over the pasture to the right of the railway line. They were observed flying over the ridge from the direction of Moorgeen Reservoir, before disappearing over Redgates farm.

BARN SWALLOW Hirundo rustica

This summer visitor breeds nearby and is recorded regularly on site. The maximum number seen was a flock of six over the Long meadow on June 24th 2024.

HOUSE MARTIN Delichon urbicum

Following an excellent set of records in 2016 (flocks of 12+ recorded on two occasions), there were no sightings in 2024.

GREY WAGTAIL Motacilla cinerea

Not recorded in 2024. The last record of this species was of one bird around the stream in the Dell on 14/03/2012.

PIED WAGTAIL Motacilla alba yarelli

There were no records of this species in 2024. There was a single record in 2016.

WAXWING Bombycilla garrulous

There were no sightings in 2024. I was lucky enough to see a single bird of this species on April 2nd 2017, my first site record. The only previous site record is of a flock of 35 birds on 30th March 2009.

WREN Troglodytes troglodytes

A common resident, with several pairs present. Breeding was confirmed in 2009 and 2010.

DUNNOCK Prunella modularis

A common resident, which is often overlooked due to its unobtrusive nature.

ROBIN Erithacusrubecula

A common resident. Song was heard from January 13th onwards.

BLACKBIRD Turdus merula

A common resident, which breeds on site.

FIELDFARE Turdus pilaris

An occasional winter visitor. This species was unusually scarce in the area in 2024 and none were recorded on the site.

SONG THRUSH Turdus philomelos

An uncommon resident, which has suffered a major decline nationally. There was an encouraging increase in records in 2024, with two males heard singing on several occasions, the earliest date being February 5th 2024.

REDWING Turdus iliacus

An uncommon winter visitor. The only record for 2024 was a flock of five flying over the Long Meadow on November 26th. This species is normally recorded in much higher numbers, but the high number of berry-munching wood pigeons and squirrels on site means there is very little food left when the redwings arrive.

MISTLE THRUSH Turdus viscivorus

A fairly common resident. There were several records in 2024, mostly of singles.

BLACKCAP Sylvia atricapillay

A common summer visitor, with usually 2/3 pairs present annually. In 2024, there appeared to be only one pair, with the first song heard on April 23rd.

GARDEN WARBLER Sylvia borin

A rare summer visitor. Birds were recorded a few years ago (probably a pair), but no confirmed recent sightings.

LESSER WHITETHROAT Sylvia curruca

Not recorded in 2024. Males have been recorded singing and "rattling" in 2014, 2013, 2012 and 2010.

COMMON WHITETHROAT Sylvia communis

Not recorded in 2024, There was a single record in 2016, of a male singing on the railway line just past Willow Holt on May 17th.

WOOD WARBLER Phylloscopus sibilatrix

The only site record of this species was of a bird in Saints Coppice wood on 24/04/2000.

CHIFFCHAFF Phylloscopus collybita

A fairly common summer visitor, with normally 5/6 breeding pairs. In 2019, however, there only appeared to be one singing male and none were recorded in 2024 – a worrying decline.

WILLOW WARBLER Phylloscopus trochilus

This species now appears on site as a passage migrant, singing for a short time before

moving on. Despite records of single birds spending a few days on site in the last few years, there were no records in 2024 (or 2017 & 2018).

GOLDCREST Regulus regulustwo

Following a few blank years, it was reassuring to record a single of this species on the railway line on February 5th 2024.

SPOTTED FLYCATCHER Muscicapa lasostris

There are two old records for this species, both from Saints Coppice wood, on 14/05/2000 and 24/06/2001.

LONG-TAILED TIT Aegithalos caudatus

A fairly common resident. Surprisingly, there were no records of this species in 2024, but this is probably due to lack of coverage rather than genuine scarcity.

WILLOW TIT Poecile Montana

This species was regularly recorded in the past, but now seems to have been lost to the site. The last record was of a single bird in 2014, with three records of this species in 2013.

COAL TIT Periparus ater britannicus

An irregular visitor to the site. Not recorded in 2024. There were five records in 2017 and in 2018 a partially leucistic bird of this species was seen on the railway line adjacent to Sts. Coppice on December 4th. A very peculiar bird!

BLUE TIT Cyanistes caeruleus

A common resident. In winter, regular counts of 8+ were made, with birds scattered around the site.

GREAT TIT Parus major

A common resident. Double figure counts were regular in 2024.

EUROPEAN NUTHATCH Sitta europaea

There is usually a resident pair is based in Saints Coppice wood. In 2024, all of the sightings came from this area.

TREECREEPER Certhia familiaris

Normally a few sightings every year, but sadly there were no records in 2024. In 2017, it is thought that this species attempted to breed in Willow Holt.

JAY Garrulus glandarius

An occasional visitor, more often heard than seen. There was a single record in 2024, when one flew over the Long Meadow on November 26th.

MAGPIE Pica pica

A common resident. Breeds on site.

JACKDAW Corvus monedula

Frequently recorded in small numbers throughout the year. A flock of 10 birds was seen on January $1^{\rm st}$ 2024, and on April $23^{\rm rd}$ there appeared to be a nest in the tall ash tree in the Long Meadow.

ROOK Corvus frugilegus

The rookery which was established in Vine Wood in 2013, continued to be occupied, with a decrease from eighteen nests in 2015 to only six nests in both 2024. There is also a small rookery becoming established close to the site in Saints Coppice.

CARRION CROW Corvus corone

A common resident. This species breeds on site.

RAVEN Corvus corax

No records in 2024. On Feb. 22nd 2017 a raven flew over Sts Coppice. It was mobbed by a flock of jackdaws and flew south low over the Long Meadow. On July 25th 2017 two birds of this species were soaring over the Long Meadow.

STARLING Sturnus vulgaris

Regularly recorded, but usually in small numbers.

HOUSE SPARROW Passer domesticus

A common species in the village, but only sporadically recorded on site. There was a single record in 2024, of one bird in the hedge opposite the car park on May 2^{nd} .

TREE SPARROW Passer montanus

Only one record for the site – in early spring 2002 one was seen near Saints Coppice wood. This bird was probably from the population which existed at that time at Willey Wood farm.

CHAFFINCH Fringilla coelebs

A common resident. In 2024, the largest flock was eight in Vine Wood on January 1st.

BRAMBLING Fringilla montifringilla Not recorded in 2024. The first site record of this species was in 2010. Some birds remained from this influx into 2011, with an immature bird on 16th February and a flock of six (including two stunning adult males) on 28th February 2011.

GREENFINCH Carduelis chloris

A surprisingly rare visitor to the site, with no records in 2024. The last sighting was on Feb. 22^{nd} 2017.

GOLDFINCH Carduelis carduelis

Mainly a winter visitor to the site. This species seems to find the seeds of the numerous

alder trees on site as an attractive food source. Flocks of 30+ were normal, but the largest flock in 2024 was only three birds, but a flock of six juveniles was seen feeding on thistles just off-site on August 20th.

SISKIN Carduelis spinus

Not recorded annually, but a flock of ten feeding on alders in Willow Holt on January 1^{st} 2024 was a great start to the year, although there were no further records.

LINNET Carduelis cannabina

Not recorded in 2024 and appears to be a surprisingly rare visitor to the site. The last

record was of a flock of sixteen birds in 2010.

LESSER REDPOLL Carduelis cabaret

Not recorded in 2024. The first site record for this species occurred on February 23rd 2016, when a beautifully marked male was seen feeding in an alder tree in the Long meadow, in the company of two female siskins.

BULLFINCH Pyrrhula pyrrhula

The Headstocks nature reserve was a stronghold for this declining species, although records were well down on previous years. There was only a single sighting in 2024, of two females in blackthorn bushes near the Long Meadow on February 5th.

YELLOWHAMMER Emberiza citronella

Not recorded in 2024. This species was once a common farmland bird, but has been in

decline nationally for a number of years. There is only one record for the site: a single

bird in the boundary hedge on 18/03/2000.

REED BUNTING *Emberiza schoeniclus*

Not recorded in 2024. The most recent record was of a pair 29th October 2019, in the hedge by the sunflower meadow.